## **Just In Time Quick Check**

# Standard of Learning (SOL) 8.16b

Strand: Patterns, Functions, and Algebra

### Standard of Learning (SOL) 8.16b

The student will identify the slope and y-intercept of a linear function given a table of values, a graph, or an equation in y = mx + b form.

#### **Grade Level Skills:**

- Given a table of values for a linear function, identify the slope and *y*-intercept. The table will include the coordinate of the *y*-intercept.
- Given a linear function in the form y = mx + b, identify the slope and y-intercept.
- Given the graph of a linear function, identify the slope and *y*-intercept. The value of the *y*-intercept will be limited to integers. The coordinates of the ordered pairs shown in the graph will be limited to integers.

# **Just in Time Quick Check**

# **Just in Time Quick Check Teacher Notes**

### **Supporting Resources:**

- VDOE Mathematics Instructional Plans (MIPS)
  - o <u>8.16ab Slope and y-intercept</u> (Word) / <u>PDF Version</u>
- VDOE Algebra Readiness Formative Assessments
  - o SOL 8.16b (Word) / PDF
- VDOE Algebra Readiness Remediation Plans
  - o <u>Identifying Slope and Y-intercept</u> (Word) / PDF
- VDOE Word Wall Cards: Grade 8 (Word) | (PDF)
  - o Slope Definition
  - o Slope
  - o Linear Function
  - o Identifying Slope and y-Intercept
- Desmos Activity
  - o Put the Point on the Line
  - o Match My Picture
  - o Match My Line
  - o Land the Plane
  - o <u>Investigating T-Shirt Offers</u>
  - o <u>Linear Slalom</u>

**Supporting and Prerequisite SOL**: 8.16a, 7.10a, 7.10c, 6.1, 6.8b, 6.12a, 6.12b

# **SOL 8.16b - Just in Time Quick Check**

1. Which is the equation for a line with a slope of -3 and a y-intercept of 4?

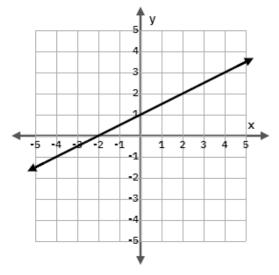
$$y = -4x + 3$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 4$$

$$y = -3x + 4$$

$$y = -\frac{4}{3}x - 3$$

2. Identify the slope and *y*-intercept for the linear function represented in the graph.



3. What are the slope and *y*-intercept for the linear function represented in the table?

X	у
3	0
0	-2
-3	-4

Describe how you determined each.

## **SOL 8.16b - Just in Time Quick Check Teacher Notes**

**Common Errors/Misconceptions and their Possible Indications** 

1. Which is the equation for a line with a slope of -3 and a y-intercept of 4?

$$y = -4x + 3$$

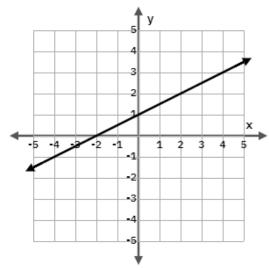
$$y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 4$$

$$y = -3x + 4$$

$$y = -\frac{4}{3}x - 3$$

A common misconception is for students to reverse the y-intercept and the slope and incorrectly represent the equation as y=4x-3. These students would benefit from revisiting the Linear Function card in the VDOE Word Wall Cards: Grade 8 to review that the function of a linear equation is written in the form y=mx+b where m represents the slope and b represents the y-intercept.

2. Identify the slope and *y*-intercept for the linear function represented in the graph.



A common error a student may make is writing the slope as 2. This may indicate that the student believes the slope to be  $\frac{change \text{ in } x}{change \text{ in } y}$  instead of  $\frac{change \text{ in } y}{change \text{ in } x}$ . This student may benefit from experiences to build conceptual understanding of slope, perhaps through the use of slope triangles. A teacher may want to refer to the Algebra Readiness Remediation Plan -  $\frac{Slope - Rate \text{ of } Change \text{ in } a \text{ Proportional Relationship}}{change \text{ in } a}$  which provides opportunities to develop the concept of slope in a proportional relationship connecting graphs, scenarios, and ratio tables to illustrate the ratio  $\frac{change \text{ in } y}{change \text{ in } x}$ . The student may also benefit from opportunities to match the slope and y-intercept to the graph, refer to the VDOE MIP 8.16ab - Slope and y-intercept for a matching activity.

3. What are the slope and *y*-intercept for the linear function represented in the table?

х	у
3	0
0	-2
-3	-4

#### Describe how you determined each.

A common error is for students to identify the y-intercept as 3 (using the coordinate (3,0) from the table) instead of the y-intercept of -2. This indicates that the student is looking for a zero value in the table and does not have a strong understanding of the concept of a y-intercept. It may also indicate that the student believes since it is called a y-intercept, the y-value should be zero. These students could benefit from graphing the ordered pairs in the table to see which point lies on the y-axis. These students would also benefit from writing the ordered pairs for several points on the y-axis and then looking for a pattern to notice that all points that lie on the y-axis have an ordered pair of the form (0, b).

Another common error is for students to write the slope as -2, since the  $\gamma$ -values in the table are decreasing by 2 in each row. This may indicate that students assume the change in x is 1, if their experiences have only included tables that show the x-values increasing by 1. These students would benefit from graphing the points from the table on a coordinate grid and using slope-triangles to find the ratio of the vertical change to the horizontal change. Providing opportunities for students to determine slope from a variety of tables, including those where the change in x-values is not 1 as well as those where the change in x-values is not consistent throughout the table would also benefit students.